

KNIFE SHARPENING SYSTEM

5 CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S)

This application claims priority of provisional application no. 60/218,868, filed on July 18, 2000.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 The invention relates to knife sharpening systems, and more particularly to knife sharpening systems which are matched to particular knives so that the knives can be resharpened by a user.

Knives have been used and sharpened since prehistoric times. Modern knives having finely angled edges are difficult to sharpen and maintain by average unskilled persons. Sharpening at too steep of an angle will dull a knife because the edge of the knife is partially removed. On the other hand, sharpening at an angle that is not steep enough accomplishes nothing because the edge of the knife is essentially untouched by the sharpening device. The variety of knives having various lengths, shapes, knife-edge angles, and presence or absence of serrations make it very difficult for the unskilled user to properly sharpen a variety of knives.

25 There accordingly remains a need for a tool for sharpening particular knives which can also serve as a storage device for the knives.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

30 The knife sharpening system of the invention provides a base upon which a knife or knives can be placed and preferably engaged, a guide rail spaced an appropriate distance apart from the edge of the knife placed on the base and having a top surface at a lower level than the level of the knife blade placed on the base. When a sharpening implement, such as a sharpening stone,

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is rested on the guide rail and on the knife's edge and is moved across the guide rail and the knife's edge, an appropriate sharpening angle is placed on the knife. The guide rail will preferably follow the contour of the knife's edge from the tip of the knife to the edge of the knife closest to the handle so as to maintain an appropriate sharpening angle from the tip to the base of the knife, but could be spaced apart by different distances.

The knife sharpening system of the invention preferably has a means to secure the handle of the knife in place and support the blade during sharpening, which knife sharpening system can also serve as a storage tool for the knife when not in use.

These and other aspects of the invention will be described in greater detail below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a top plan view showing a first embodiment of a knife sharpening system of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a cross-sectional view of the knife sharpening system of FIG. 2 through view lines 2-2.

FIG. 3 is a top plan view showing a second embodiment of a knife sharpening system of the invention.

FIG. 4 is a cross-sectional view of the knife sharpening system of FIG. 3 through view lines 4-4.

FIG. 5 is a top plan view showing a third embodiment of a knife sharpening system of the invention.

FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view of the knife sharpening system of FIG. 5 through view lines 6-6.

FIG. 7 shows angle α determination of the device.

FIG. 8 shows the angle β formed on edge of knife.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

FIG. 1 is a top plan view showing two identical knives 10 and 12 placed on a base (cradle) portion 14 of the knife sharpening system 8 of the invention. The knife handles 16 and

18 are preferably retained in a handle holder portion 20. Knife handles 16 and 18 can have apertures 22 and 24, respectively, formed therein for engagement with pegs 23 and 25 extending from the handle holder portion 20 to secure the knives in place during sharpening. Alternate retention means can be used to retain the knives in place during sharpening and/or storage. Handle holder portion can optionally have handle reliefs 13 and 15 formed thereon to receive handles.

The blade 26 and 28 of knives 10 and 12, respectively, lay on a raised blade platform 29, and edges of the knives 30 and 32 extend beyond side edges 33 and 35 of platform 29.

Blades have tips 34 and 36 and portions 38 and 40 adjacent to handles 16 and 18. A pair of guide rails 42 and 44 are positioned a distance spaced apart from the blade edges 30 and 32, respectively. As shown in FIG. 2, the top edges 46 and 48 of rails are lower than the level of blades 26 and 28. When a sharpening stone or other sharpening means 50 and 52 is placed on the guiding rails 42 and 44 and knife edges 30 and 32, by moving the sharpening means 50 and 52 along the length of the blade, a consistent sharpened edge at a desired angle can be placed on the blades. The guide rails 42 and 44 are made of resilient material, preferably metal, e.g. .3 mm (1/8 inch) wide steel. The base, handle holder, blade platform can preferably be formed for metal, plastic, wood, or other materials, and can be unitary. Although shown with two separate knives 10 and 12, in fact, they could be a single knife being flipped over and sharpened on both sides. Through continued use, the guide rails 42 and 44 will be ground as well as the knife edge. This is acceptable and will not significantly alter the sharpened blade angle placed on the knife.

Referring to FIG. 3, there is shown another embodiment 60 of the knife sharpening system, comprising a base 60, a handle support 62, a raised blade platform 64, and a guide rail 66,

connected to a base 68. Except for the rail 66, the other parts can be unitary, e.g. shaped from wood, plastic, etc. Handle support 62 preferably has a relief 70 formed therein, sized to receive a handle 72 of knife. Optionally, a peg 78 can be provided that is adapted to engage with an aperture 74 formed in handle. As shown, blade platform 64 has a front edge 80 which is set back slightly from an edge 82 of knife blade 84.

10 FIG. 4 is a side view of the holder and knife of FIGS. 3 taking through view lines 4-4 of FIG. 3 and shows knife blade 84 sitting on blade platform 64 and guide rail 66 extending upwardly from platform 68 and spaced a horizontal distance B away from knife blade 82. A top surface 86 of guide rail is vertically lower by distance A from level of knife blade. The distance from knife blade 82 to top edge 86 of guide rail is distance C and is sloped at angle α . By adjusting distances A and B, angle α can be selected to be appropriate to establish the correct knife edge 82 on knife blade. Angle α is preferably set to be that of knife blade angle β as shown in FIG. 8. Other desired angles α can be set.

Turning to FIG. 5, there is shown a second embodiment 100 of a knife sharpening system of the invention. It comprises a base 102, a handle platform 104, a blade platform 106 and a guide rail 108 which is imbedded into a portion one edge of the base 102 opposite a blade edge 110 of a knife 112.

FIG. 6 is a side view thereof and shows the guide rail 108 and blade platform 106 upon which blade 112 rests. When a sharpening tool 114 is used, it will ride on guide rail 108 and edge 110 of knife blade 112 at an angle α . This relationship is shown in FIG. 7 wherein the lengths A, B and C determine the angle α as follows: $\tan^{-1} A/B = \alpha$, which will be the resulting sharpened blade angle β , which is shown in FIG. 8. α and β will be the same angle, or very close.

1 The method of using the knife sharpening system of the
invention is as follows. First, a knife is sharpened at its
5 place of manufacture to a predetermined edge angle prior to use.
When the knife needs sharpening, it is then placed by the user
in the cradle/holder. The user will take a sharpening means,
such as a hand-held sharpening stone, and place it across the gap
between a knife edge to be sharpened and the guide rail. In an
10 approximately perpendicular position to each supporting edge, the
sharpening surface will then be moved across the knife edge and
rail in any motion pattern (e.g. circular, sliding, etc.) keeping
in contact with the edge of both the guide rail and a knife edge.
15 If it is desired to put an edge on both sides of a knife blade,
(which can be done with the embodiment shown in FIGS. 1 and 2),
the knife can be flipped over and this can be repeated for the
other edge.

For straight edged blades, the rail would be straight. The
device could be used to sharpen serrated blade, although the
sharpening would primarily occur in the tips of the serrations.
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The knife sharpening system can be included along with
knives for which the knife sharpening system is set up to work
with as a set. In this manner, a user can keep his or her knives
sharp at all times.

25 Having thus described exemplary embodiments of the present
invention, it should be understood by those skilled in the art
that the above disclosures are exemplary only and that various
other alternatives, adaptations and modifications may be made
within the scope of the present invention. The presently
30 disclosed embodiments are to be considered in all respects as
illustrative and not restrictive. The scope of the invention
being indicated by the appended claims, rather than the foregoing
description, and all changes which come within the meaning and
range of equivalency of the claims are, therefore, intended to
35 be embraced therein.